## Heart Sounds (lab 7.5)

## Background information on the heart sounds

Most of the background information for understanding this lab is in lab 7.5. Read this lab for the background information and answer the lab report questions in the lab report section.

Procedure A for this lab is the same as is described in the lab manual. However, some changes have been made to procedure B. These changes are listed below.

## A) Procedure A: Auscultation of heart sounds with the stethoscope

Follow the procedure exactly as described in the lab manual for procedure A, but fill in the results table below: In the lub and dup blanks, compare the lub and dup volumes. Write Louder, Quieter, or Equal. In the last column, write which valve or valves the stethoscope is closest to.

Stethoscope location:	Lub sound:	Dup sound:	Stethoscope is closest to which valve?
Left 5 <sup>th</sup> intercostal space			
Left 2nd intercostal space			
Right 2nd intercostal space			

## B) Procedure B: Correlation of the heart sounds with the electrocardiogram

Use the following procedure instead of procedure B in the lab manual.

- 1) Select a volunteer from your group.
- 2) Obtain a computer, a white carton containing the Vennier Lab Pro box, a smaller white carton containing the ECG probe box, and three ECG lead stickers.

3)	Turn on the computer and set up the ECG exactly as you did for the ECG
	laboratory (see the handout for that lab for details of the set up). Once you have
	opened the LoggerPro program, don't forget to open the ECG settings file
	(File>Open>BiologyWithVernier>EKG). This should set the time axis for 3 seconds.
	but you still need to open the "Data Collect" window (a watch icon next to the green
	button in the upper left of the screen) to make sure that it has the following settings:

- Mode = time-based
- Time = 3 seconds
- Sample at zero = Yes
- Repeat = Yes
- 4) Click the green start button. The ECG display should begin.
- 5) Auscultate the apical pulse while watching the ECG of the volunteer. Try to match the lub and dup sounds to the P, QRS, or T waves. Don't put away your ECG until your instructor has verified your results.

	Lub =	Dup =
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6) Figure 7.21b in the lab manual shows simultaneous recordings of an ECG and the heart sounds. Note that the sounds come slight after the ECG waves that cause them. Explain why the sounds are made slightly after their ECG wave that causes them.